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24 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

25 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

26 ESTATE OF JEREMIAH CHASS, MARK
27 CHASS, YVETTE CHASS, and I.C., a minor,
28 by and through his Guardian Ad Litem,
YVETTE CHASS,

Plaintiffs,

v.

COUNTY OF SONOMA, BILL COGBILL, in
his individual capacity and in his official
capacity as Sheriff for the COUNTY OF
SONOMA, SONOMA COUNTY DEPUTY
SHERIFF JOHN MISITA, SONOMA COUNTY
DEPUTY SHERIFF JIM RYAN, and DOES 1
through 50,

Defendants.

CASE NO.: CV 08 0111 MMC

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

LAW OFFICES OF
GEARY,
SHEA,
O'DONNELL,
GRATTAN &
MITCHELL
P.C.

1 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure
4 and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be warranted.

5 Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated
6 Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all
7 disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords extends only to the limited
8 information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal principles to treatment as
9 confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 10, below, that this Stipulated
10 Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule
11 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied
12 when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

13 2. DEFINITIONS

14 2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
15 employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

16 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
17 medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,
18 transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to
19 discovery in this matter.

20 2.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: information (regardless of how
21 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards
22 developed under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

23 2.4 "Highly Confidential – Attorneys' Eyes Only" Information or Items:
24 extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" whose disclosure to another Party or
25 nonparty would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less
26 restrictive means.

27 2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from
28 a Producing Party.

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P.C.

1 2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
2 Material in this action.

3 2.7 Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items
4 that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “Confidential” or “Highly
5 Confidential — Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

6 2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated
7 as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

8 2.9 Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are
9 retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

10 2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

11 2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well as
12 their support staffs).

13 2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
14 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert
15 witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or of
16 a competitor of a Party’s and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an
17 employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party’s. This definition includes a professional jury or trial
18 consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

19 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
20 services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations;
21 organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and
22 subcontractors.

23 3. SCOPE

24 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material
25 (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all copies,
26 excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or presentations by
27 parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected Material.

28 ///

1 4. DURATION

2 Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
3 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
4 otherwise directs.

5 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

6 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each
7 Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take
8 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.
9 A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material,
10 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the
11 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept
12 unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

13 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are
14 shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
15 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary expenses
16 and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

17 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it
18 designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of
19 protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is
20 withdrawing the mistaken designation.

21 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
22 Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
23 material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the
24 material is disclosed or produced.

25 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

26 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or
27 other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or
28 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" at the top of each page that contains

1 protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,
 2 the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate
 3 markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being
 4 asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
 5 ONLY").

6 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for
 7 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
 8 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the
 9 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY
 10 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the
 11 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or
 12 portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified
 13 documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or
 14 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") at the top of each page that
 15 contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
 16 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 17 appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection
 18 being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS'
 19 EYES ONLY").

20 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
 21 Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the close of
 22 the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify any
 23 portions of the testimony that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
 24 ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to
 25 protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for
 26 protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on the
 27 record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to identify
 28 the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the level of

1 protection being asserted (“CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’
 2 EYES ONLY”). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated for
 3 protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order.

4 Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the
 5 court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or
 6 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY,” as instructed by the Party or
 7 nonparty offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

8 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any
 9 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
 10 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” or
 11 “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” If only portions of the information
 12 or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the
 13 protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as “Confidential” or as “Highly Confidential –
 14 Attorneys’ Eyes Only.”

15 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure
 16 to designate qualified information or items as “Confidential” or “Highly Confidential – Attorneys’
 17 Eyes Only” does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to secure protection under
 18 this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as “Confidential” or “Highly
 19 Confidential – Attorneys’ Eyes Only” after the material was initially produced, the Receiving Party,
 20 on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is
 21 treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

22 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

23 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s
 24 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
 25 economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive
 26 its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly
 27 after the original designation is disclosed.

28 ///

1 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a Designating
 2 Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the process by
 3 conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient)
 4 with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must explain the basis
 5 for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party
 6 an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change
 7 in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A challenging Party may
 8 proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer
 9 process first.

10 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a
 11 confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party may
 12 file and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if
 13 applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the challenge.
 14 Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that the movant has
 15 complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph and that sets
 16 forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation that was given by the
 17 Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

18 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the
 19 Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the
 20 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
 21 designation.

22 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

23 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
 24 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for
 25 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
 26 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When
 27 the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 11,
 28 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

(c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

(d) the Court and its personnel;

(e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A).

Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

(g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the

Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, (2) who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

(c) the Court and its personnel;

(d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A); and

(e) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION.

If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

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1 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the existence of this
 2 Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity to try to protect its
 3 confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued. The Designating
 4 Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court of its confidential
 5 material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a
 6 Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

7 9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

8 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected
 9 Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order,
 10 the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the
 11 unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material, (c)
 12 inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this
 13 Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to
 14 Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

15 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL. Without written permission from the
 16 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party
 17 may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file
 18 under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

19 11. FINAL DISPOSITION. Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the
 20 Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party
 21 must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, “all Protected
 22 Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing
 23 or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party,
 24 the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it.
 25 Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
 26 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party)
 27 by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material
 28 that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,

abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

DATED: 4/14/08

ANDREW C. SCHWARTZ
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

DATED: _____

PATRICK EMERY
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

DATED: 4/29/08

STEVEN C. MITCHELL
Attorneys for Defendants

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: _____

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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MITCHELL
P.C.

1 abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected
 2 Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all
 3 pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product,
 4 even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or
 5 constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4
 6 (DURATION), above.

7 12. MISCELLANEOUS

8 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
 9 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

10 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this
 11 Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or
 12 producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order.
 13 Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the
 14 material covered by this Protective Order.

15 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

16
 17 DATED: _____

18 ANDREW C. SCHWARTZ
 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

19 DATED: 4/25/08

20 PATRICK EMERY
 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

21
 22 DATED: _____

23 STEVEN C. MITCHELL
 Attorneys for Defendants

24
 25 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

26
 27 DATED: April 30, 2008

28 UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

Margaret M. Cheney

LAW OFFICES OF
 GEARY,
 SHEA,
 O'DONNELL,
 GRATTAN &
 MITCHELL
 P.C.

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____
[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and
understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for
the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of *Chass v. County of Sonoma, et al*, CV 08
0111 MMC. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective
Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions
and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner
any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity
except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____